S. 465

To amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act and title III of the Public Health Service Act to improve access to information about individuals' health care options and legal rights for care near the end of life, to promote advance care planning and decisionmaking so that individuals' wishes are known should they become unable to speak for themselves, to engage health care providers in disseminating information about and assisting in the preparation of advance directives, which include living wills and durable powers of attorney for health care, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 31, 2007

Mr. Nelson of Florida (for himself, Mr. Lugar, Mr. Rockefeller, Ms. Collins, Mr. Durbin, and Mr. Bingaman) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act and title III of the Public Health Service Act to improve access to information about individuals' health care options and legal rights for care near the end of life, to promote advance care planning and decisionmaking so that individuals' wishes are known should they become unable to speak for themselves, to engage health care providers in disseminating information about and assisting in the preparation of advance directives, which include living wills and durable powers of attorney for health care, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Advance Directives Im-
- 5 provement and Education Act of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. ADVANCE DIRECTIVES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 8 ings:
- 9 (1) Every year 2,500,000 people die in the
- 10 United States. Eighty percent of those people die in
- institutions such as hospitals, nursing homes, and
- other facilities. Chronic illnesses, such as cancer and
- heart disease, account for 2 out of every 3 deaths.
- 14 (2) In 1997, the Supreme Court of the United
- 15 States, in its decisions in Washington v. Glucksberg
- and Vacco v. Quill, reaffirmed the constitutional
- 17 right of competent adults to refuse unwanted med-
- ical treatment. In those cases, the Court stressed the
- use of advance directives as a means of safeguarding
- that right should those adults become incapable of
- 21 deciding for themselves.
- 22 (3) A survey published in 2005 estimated that
- 23 the overall prevalence of advance directives is 29
- percent of the general population, despite the pas-
- sage of the Patient Self-Determination Act in 1990,

- which requires that health care providers tell patients about advance directives.
- 3 (4) Competent adults should complete advance care plans stipulating their health care decisions in 5 the event that they become unable to speak for 6 themselves. Through the execution of advance direc-7 tives, including living wills and durable powers of at-8 torney for health care according to the laws of the 9 State in which they reside, individuals can protect 10 their right to express their wishes and have them re-11 spected.
- 12 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are to
 13 improve access to information about individuals' health
 14 care options and legal rights for care near the end of life,
 15 to promote advance care planning and decisionmaking so
 16 that individuals' wishes are known should they become un17 able to speak for themselves, to engage health care pro18 viders in disseminating information about and assisting in
 19 the preparation of advance directives, which include living
 20 wills and durable powers of attorney for health care, and
 21 for other purposes.
- (c) Medicare Coverage of End-of-Life Plan-
- 23 NING AND CONSULTATIONS AS PART OF INITIAL PREVEN-
- 24 TIVE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 1861(ww) of the So-
2	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(ww)) is amend-
3	ed —
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "para-
5	graph (2)," and inserting "paragraph (2) and
6	an end-of-life planning consultation (as defined
7	in paragraph (3)),"; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following new
9	paragraph:
10	"(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'end-
11	of-life planning consultation' means a consultation be-
12	tween the physician and an individual regarding—
13	"(A) the importance of preparing advance di-
14	rectives in case an injury or illness causes the indi-
15	vidual to be unable to make health care decisions;
16	"(B) the situations in which an advance direc-
17	tive is likely to be relied upon;
18	"(C) the reasons that the development of a
19	comprehensive end-of-life plan is beneficial and the
20	reasons that such a plan should be updated periodi-
21	cally as the health of the individual changes;
22	"(D) the identification of resources that an in-
23	dividual may use to determine the requirements of
24	the State in which such individual resides so that
25	the treatment wishes of that individual will be car-

1	ried out if the individual is unable to communicate
2	those wishes, including requirements regarding the
3	designation of a surrogate decision maker (health
4	care proxy); and
5	"(E) whether or not the physician is willing to
6	follow the individual's wishes as expressed in an ad-
7	vance directive.".
8	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
9	by paragraph (1) shall apply to initial preventive
10	physical examinations provided on or after January
11	1, 2008.
12	(d) Improvement of Policies Related to the
13	USE AND PORTABILITY OF ADVANCE DIRECTIVES.—
14	(1) Medicare.—Section 1866(f) of the Social
15	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395cc(f)) is amended—
16	(A) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
18	"and if presented by the individual (or on
19	behalf of the individual), to include the
20	content of such advance directive in a
21	prominent part of such record" before the
22	semicolon at the end;
23	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking
24	"and" after the semicolon at the end;

1	(iii) in subparagraph (E), by striking
2	the period at the end and inserting ";
3	and"; and
4	(iv) by inserting after subparagraph
5	(E) the following new subparagraph:
6	"(F) to provide each individual with the oppor-
7	tunity to discuss issues relating to the information
8	provided to that individual pursuant to subpara-
9	graph (A) with an appropriately trained profes-
10	sional.";
11	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "a writ-
12	ten" and inserting "an"; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(5)(A) In addition to the requirements of paragraph
16	(1), a provider of services, Medicare Advantage organiza-
17	tion, or prepaid or eligible organization (as the case may
18	be) shall give effect to an advance directive executed out-
19	side the State in which such directive is presented, even
20	one that does not appear to meet the formalities of execu-
21	tion, form, or language required by the State in which it
22	is presented to the same extent as such provider or organi-
23	zation would give effect to an advance directive that meets
24	such requirements, except that a provider or organization
25	may decline to honor such a directive if the provider or

1	organization can reasonably demonstrate that it is not an
2	authentic expression of the individual's wishes concerning
3	his or her health care. Nothing in this paragraph shall
4	be construed to authorize the administration of medical
5	treatment otherwise prohibited by the laws of the State
6	in which the directive is presented.
7	"(B) The provisions of this paragraph shall preempt
8	any State law to the extent such law is inconsistent with
9	such provisions. The provisions of this paragraph shall not
10	preempt any State law that provides for greater port-
11	ability, more deference to a patient's wishes, or more lati-
12	tude in determining a patient's wishes.".
13	(2) Medicaid.—Section 1902(w) of the Social
14	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(w)) is amended—
15	(A) in paragraph (1)—
16	(i) in subparagraph (B)—
17	(I) by striking "in the individ-
18	ual's medical record" and inserting
19	"in a prominent part of the individ-
20	ual's current medical record"; and
21	(II) by inserting "and if pre-
22	sented by the individual (or on behalf
23	of the individual), to include the con-
24	tent of such advance directive in a

1	prominent part of such record" before
2	the semicolon at the end;
3	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking
4	"and" after the semicolon at the end;
5	(iii) in subparagraph (E), by striking
6	the period at the end and inserting ";
7	and"; and
8	(iv) by inserting after subparagraph
9	(E) the following new subparagraph:
10	"(F) to provide each individual with the oppor-
11	tunity to discuss issues relating to the information
12	provided to that individual pursuant to subpara-
13	graph (A) with an appropriately trained profes-
14	sional.";
15	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "a writ-
16	ten" and inserting "an"; and
17	(C) by adding at the end the following
18	paragraph:
19	"(6)(A) In addition to the requirements of paragraph
20	(1), a provider or organization (as the case may be) shall
21	give effect to an advance directive executed outside the
22	State in which such directive is presented, even one that
23	does not appear to meet the formalities of execution, form,
24	or language required by the State in which it is presented
25	to the same extent as such provider or organization would

- 1 give effect to an advance directive that meets such require-
- 2 ments, except that a provider or organization may decline
- 3 to honor such a directive if the provider or organization
- 4 can reasonably demonstrate that it is not an authentic ex-
- 5 pression of the individual's wishes concerning his or her
- 6 health care. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed
- 7 to authorize the administration of medical treatment oth-
- 8 erwise prohibited by the laws of the State in which the
- 9 directive is presented.
- 10 "(B) The provisions of this paragraph shall preempt
- 11 any State law to the extent such law is inconsistent with
- 12 such provisions. The provisions of this paragraph shall not
- 13 preempt any State law that provides for greater port-
- 14 ability, more deference to a patient's wishes, or more lati-
- 15 tude in determining a patient's wishes.".

(3) Effective dates.—

- 17 (A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
- graph (B), the amendments made by para-
- 19 graphs (1) and (2) shall apply to provider
- agreements and contracts entered into, re-
- 21 newed, or extended under title XVIII of the So-
- cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.), and
- to State plans under title XIX of such Act (42)
- U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), on or after such date as
- 25 the Secretary of Health and Human Services

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specifies, but in no case may such date be later
than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
Act.

(B) Extension of effective date for STATE LAW AMENDMENT.—In the case of a State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by paragraph (2), the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet these additional requirements before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of enactment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year of the session is considered to be a separate regular session of the State legislature.

24 (e) Increasing Awareness of the Importance 25 of End-of-Life Planning.—Title III of the Public

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1	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is amended
2	by adding at the end the following new part:
3	"PART R—PROGRAMS TO INCREASE AWARENESS
4	OF ADVANCE DIRECTIVE PLANNING ISSUES
5	"SEC. 399Z-1. ADVANCE DIRECTIVE EDUCATION CAM-
6	PAIGNS AND INFORMATION CLEARING-
7	HOUSES.
8	"(a) Advance Directive Education Campaign.—
9	The Secretary shall, directly or through grants awarded
10	under subsection (c), conduct a national public education
11	campaign—
12	"(1) to raise public awareness of the impor-
13	tance of planning for care near the end of life;
14	"(2) to improve the public's understanding of
15	the various situations in which individuals may find
16	themselves if they become unable to express their
17	health care wishes;
18	"(3) to explain the need for readily available
19	legal documents that express an individual's wishes,
20	through advance directives (including living wills,
21	comfort care orders, and durable powers of attorney
22	for health care); and
23	"(4) to educate the public about the availability
24	of hospice care and palliative care.

- 1 "(b) Information Clearinghouse.—The Sec-
- 2 retary, directly or through grants awarded under sub-
- 3 section (c), shall provide for the establishment of a na-
- 4 tional, toll-free, information clearinghouse as well as clear-
- 5 inghouses that the public may access to find out about
- 6 State-specific information regarding advance directive and
- 7 end-of-life decisions.
- 8 "(c) Grants.—
- 9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall use at
- least 60 percent of the funds appropriated under
- subsection (d) for the purpose of awarding grants to
- public or nonprofit private entities (including States
- or political subdivisions of a State), or a consortium
- of any of such entities, for the purpose of conducting
- education campaigns under subsection (a) and estab-
- lishing information clearinghouses under subsection
- 17 (b).
- 18 "(2) Period.—Any grant awarded under para-
- graph (1) shall be for a period of 3 years.
- 20 "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 21 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 22 \$25,000,000.".
- 23 (f) GAO STUDY AND REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT
- 24 OF NATIONAL ADVANCE DIRECTIVE REGISTRY.—

1 (1) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the 2 United States shall conduct a study on the feasi-3 bility of a national registry for advance directives, 4 taking into consideration the constraints created by 5 the privacy provisions enacted as a result of the 6 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act 7 of 1996 (Public Law 104–191).

(2) Report.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the study conducted under paragraph (1) together with recommendations for such legislation and administrative action as the Comptroller General of the United States determines to be appropriate.

16 (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in sub-17 sections (c) and (d), this section and the amendments 18 made by this section shall take effect on the date of enact-19 ment of this Act.

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